## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

	Plaintiff,	
v.	Civil Action No	
	Defendant.	
	NOTICE OF SCHEDULING CONFERENCE	
BOAL, M.J.		
at at modified by the sections (B), (of the utmost if of LR 16.1 (as sanctions under and/or their attempt the scheduling The part modified below		
1.	Obligation of Counsel to Confer: Counsel for the parties shall comply with LR 16.1(B), except that counsel need not prepare an agenda of matters to be discussed at the scheduling conference unless:	
	a. Counsel agree that there are matters not otherwise addressed under LR 16.1 that the Court should address at the scheduling conference; or	
	b. Counsel are specifically directed to prepare such agenda by the Court.	
2.	Settlement Proposals: The parties shall comply with LR 16.1(C).	
3.	<u>Joint Statement</u> : The parties shall comply with LR 16.1(D), but their joint statement shall also include a concise summary of the position of the plaintiff(s) and defendant(s) regarding both liability and relief sought.	

<u>Scheduling Order</u>: In most cases, the Court will issue a scheduling order at the conference in the form attached hereto. The Court may depart from the form in

4.

cases of relative complexity or simplicity or otherwise where justice may so require. The parties should attempt to agree on the relevant dates for discovery and motion practice. In a case of ordinary complexity, the parties should propose a schedule that calls for the completion of fact discovery, expert discovery, and motion practice less than one calendar year from the date of the scheduling conference. The dates of the status conference and pretrial conference will be set by the Court.

- 5. <u>Discovery Event Limitations</u>: Counsel representing parties in relatively complex matters who expect to require relief from the limitations on discovery events set forth in LR 26.1(c) should be prepared to address that issue at the scheduling conference.
- 6. If one party does not cooperate with the other party or parties in preparing the joint statement as required by the Local Rules and this Order, the other party or parties shall file a separate statement containing the information required by LR 16.1 (as modified by this Order), the identity of the party not cooperating in the preparation, and the efforts undertaken to obtain that cooperation.

	United States Magistrate Judge
	By:
Date	Deputy Clerk

## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

v.	Plaintiff,	) ) ) () () () () () () () () () () () (	_
	Defendant.	) ) ) )	
	<u>SC</u>	CHEDULING ORDER	
This	Scheduling Order is inten	nded to provide a reasonable timetable for o	discovery and
motion prac	tice in order to help ensure	e a fair and just resolution of this matter wi	ithout undue
expense or o	delay.		
	<u>Timetable fo</u>	or Discovery and Motion Practice	
Purs	uant to Rule 16(b) of the I	Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and Local	Rule 16.1(F), it
is hereby O	RDERED that:		
1.	Initial Disclosures: Th	ne parties will exchange the information red	quired by Fed.
	R. Civ. P. 26(a)(1) by	•	
2.	Amendments to Plead	lings. Except for good cause shown, no m	otions seeking
	leave to add new parties or to amend the pleadings to assert new claims or		
	defenses may be filed after		
3.	Fact Discovery - Inter	rim Deadlines.	
	a. All written fact	discovery must be served by	
	b. All depositions	, other than expert depositions, must be con	mpleted by
4.	Fact Discovery - Fina	<b>l Deadline.</b> All discovery, other than expe	ert discovery,
	must be completed by	<u>.</u>	
5	Status Conference A	status conference will be held on	in

		Courtroom 14 on the 5 <sup>th</sup> floor before the Hon. Jennifer C. Boal, U.S.M.J.	
	6.	Expert Discovery.	
		a. Plaintiff(s)' trial experts must be designated, and the information	
		contemplated by Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(2) must be disclosed by	
		b. Plaintiff(s)' trial experts must be deposed by	
		c. Defendant(s)' trial experts must be designated, and the information	
		contemplated by Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(2) must be disclosed by	
		d. Defendant(s)' trial experts must be deposed by	
	7.	Dispositive Motions.	
		a. Dispositive motions, such as motions for summary judgment or partial	
		summary judgment and motions for judgment on the pleadings, must be	
		filed by	
		b. Oppositions to dispositive motions must be filed within days after	
		service of the motion.	
	8.	Initial Pretrial Conference. An initial pretrial conference will be held on	
		at in Courtroom 14 on the 5 <sup>th</sup> floor before the Hon. Jennifer C	
		Boal, U.S.M.J. The parties shall submit a pretrial memorandum in accordance	
		with Local Rule 16.5(D) five business days prior to the date of the conference,	
		except that the parties do not need to include matters required by Local Rule	
		16.5(D)(2) or (3).	
	9.	If necessary, trial in this matter will commence on	

## **Procedural Provisions**

- Order, having been established with the participation of all parties, can be modified only by court order, and only upon a showing of good cause supported by affidavits, other evidentiary materials, or references to pertinent portions of the record. All motions to extend shall contain a brief statement of the reasons for the request; a summary of the discovery, if any, that remains to be taken; and a specific date when the requesting party expects to complete the additional discovery, join other parties, amend the pleadings, or file a motion.
- 2. **Motions to Compel or Prevent Discovery**. Except for good cause shown, motions to compel discovery, motions for protective orders, motions to quash, motions to strike discovery responses, and similar motions must be filed no later than the close of fact discovery or the close of expert discovery, whichever deadline is relevant. If additional discovery is compelled by the Court after the relevant deadline has passed, the Court may enter such additional orders relating to discovery as may be appropriate.
- 3. **Reply Memoranda**. Parties need not seek leave of court to file a reply memorandum in response to an opposition to any motion, provided that such a reply memorandum does not exceed twelve pages, double-spaced, and is filed within seven days after service of the opposition memorandum. Parties may otherwise file reply or sur-reply memoranda only with leave of court. When such leave is sought, the moving party may file a proposed reply or sur-reply memorandum with the motion for leave.
- 4. **Status Conferences**. The Court has scheduled a status conference after (or close to) the close of discovery for case management purposes. Any party who reasonably believes that a status conference will assist in the management or resolution of the case may request one from the Court upon reasonable notice to opposing counsel.
- Additional Conferences. Upon request of counsel, or at the Court's own
  initiative, additional case-management or status conferences may be scheduled.
  Parties may request telephonic conferences where appropriate to avoid undue

inconvenience or expense.

- 6. **Early Resolution of Issues**. The Court recognizes that, in some cases, resolution of one or more preliminary issues may remove a significant impediment to settlement or otherwise expedite resolution of the case. Counsel are encouraged to identify any such issues and to make appropriate motions at an early stage in the litigation.
- 7. **Pretrial Conference**. Lead trial counsel are required to attend any pretrial conference.

Date:	
	JENNIFER C. BOAL
	UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE